



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
United States Patent and Trademark Office  
Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS  
Washington, D.C. 20231  
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/595,526	06/16/2000	Richard M. Lawn	99,395-A	9969

7590

04/02/2003

McDonnell Boehnen Hulbert & Berghoff  
32nd Floor  
300 South Wacker Drive  
Chicago, IL 60606

EXAMINER

RAO, MANJUNATH N

ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

1652

DATE MAILED: 04/02/2003

17

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

# Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/595,526

Applicant(s)

LAWN ET AL.

Examiner

Manjunath N. Rao, Ph.D.

Art Unit

1652

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

## Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

## Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 December 2002.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

## Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 3-24 and 33 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 3-24 and 33 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

## Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.
- If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

## Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
- a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

## Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: \_\_\_\_\_.

### **DETAILED ACTION**

Claims 3-24 and 33 are now at issue and are present for examination.

Applicants' amendments and arguments filed on 12-18-02, paper No.15, have been fully considered and are deemed to be persuasive to overcome the rejections previously applied. Rejections and/or objections not reiterated from previous office actions are hereby withdrawn.

### ***Priority***

Applicant's claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. 119(e) is acknowledged. However, the provisional application upon which priority is claimed fails to provide adequate support under 35 U.S.C. 112 for claims 3-24 and 33 of this application. Claims 3-24 and 33 are drawn to an isolated polynucleotide selected from the group consisting of a polynucleotide comprising SEQ ID NO:1, a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide comprising SEQ ID NO:2, a polynucleotide comprising nucleotides 291-7074 of SEQ ID NO:1 and a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide having 98% identity to SEQ ID NO:2 and claims the benefit of domestic priority to provisional applications filed on 6-18-99, 9-14-99 and 11-19-99. However, none of the provisional application disclose the full length sequence of either SEQ ID NO:1 or 2. Instead the provisional application 60/140,264 filed on 6-18-99 discloses the nucleotide sequence and the encoded amino acid sequence with accession No. AJ012376, published by Langmann et al. in 1999. Applicants do not disclose specifically either SEQ ID NO:1 or 2 and therefore Examiner has not granted the benefit of priority date.

Art Unit: 1652

### *Claim Objections*

Claims 8-10 are objected to because of the following informalities: Claims 8-10 are drawn to polynucleotides with a "suitable carrier". However, claims are objected because claims do not recite as to what the added carriers are suitable for. Appropriate correction is required.

### *Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112*

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 3-24 and 33 and are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for DNA comprising a polynucleotide with SEQ ID NO:1, encoding a polypeptide with SEQ ID NO:2, or a polynucleotide comprising nucleotides 291-7074 of SEQ ID NO:1, does not reasonably provide enablement for any polynucleotide comprising a polynucleotide which encodes a polypeptide that is 98% identical to SEQ ID NO:2 or any polynucleotide comprising a polynucleotide that is either 90% or 95% sequence identity with SEQ ID NO:1. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

Factors to be considered in determining whether undue experimentation is required, are summarized in *In re Wands* (858 F.2d 731, 8 USPQ 2nd 1400 (Fed. Cir. 1988)) as follows: (1) the quantity of experimentation necessary, (2) the amount of direction or guidance presented, (3) the presence or absence of working examples, (4) the nature of the invention, (5) the state of the

Art Unit: 1652

prior art, (6) the relative skill of those in the art, (7) the predictability or unpredictability of the art, and (8) the breadth of the claim(s).

Claims 3-24 and 33 are so broad as to encompass any DNA which is 90% or 95% similar to SEQ ID NO:1, and vectors and host cells comprising such DNAs or any DNA comprising a polynucleotide which encodes a polypeptide that is 98% identical to SEQ ID NO:2. The scope of the claims is not commensurate with the enablement provided by the disclosure with regard to the extremely large number of DNA sequences that are broadly encompassed by the claims.

Applicants propose to use the above polynucleotides for processes such as recombinant protein preparation. Since the nucleotide sequence determines the type of protein and the ultimate function of the encoded protein and since only nucleic acids with very high percent homology (more than 99%) can be used for such purposes, changing the nucleotide sequences as proposed by the applicants and/or addition of substantial amount of additional nucleotide sequence unrelated to the nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:1 may not lead to desired function of the polynucleotides. This is because the changes suggested by the applicants will result in an enormous number of nucleotide sequences that will result in transcribing of unrelated mRNAs and may not lead to the translation of the polypeptide of interest. However, in this case the disclosure is limited to the nucleotide and encoded amino acid sequence of a single ABC1 transporter protein.

While recombinant and mutagenesis techniques are known, it is not routine in the art to screen for multiple substitutions or modifications of nucleotides, as encompassed by the instant claims, and the base changes within a nucleic acid's sequence can be made with a reasonable expectation of success in obtaining the desired activity/utility are limited and the result of such

Art Unit: 1652

modifications is unpredictable. In addition, one skilled in the art would expect any tolerance to modification for a given DNA to diminish with each further and additional modification, e.g. multiple substitutions.

The specification does not support the broad scope of the claims which encompass all modifications and fragments of any DNA encoding a ABC1 transport protein because the specification does not establish: (A) regions of the DNA sequence encoding ABC1 polypeptide which may be modified without effecting the above mentioned activity/utility; (B) the general tolerance of ABC1 encoding DNA sequences to modification and extent of such tolerance; (C) a rational and predictable scheme for modifying any nucleotide in the above polynucleotide with an expectation of obtaining the desired biological function and utility; and (D) the specification provides insufficient guidance as to which of the essentially infinite possible choices is likely to be successful.

Thus, applicants have not provided sufficient guidance to enable one of ordinary skill in the art to make and use the claimed invention in a manner reasonably correlated with the scope of the claims broadly including any DNA comprising a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide that is 98% identical to SEQ ID NO:2 or any DNA comprising a polynucleotide that is either 90% or 95% identical to SEQ ID NO:1. The scope of the claims must bear a reasonable correlation with the scope of enablement (*In re Fisher*, 166 USPQ 19 24 (CCPA 1970)). Without sufficient guidance, determination of DNAs having the desired biological characteristics is unpredictable and the experimentation left to those skilled in the art is unnecessarily, and improperly, extensive and undue. See *In re Wands* 858 F.2d 731, 8 USPQ2nd 1400 (Fed. Cir, 1988).

Art Unit: 1652

Claims 3-24 and 33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. These claims are directed to a genus of DNA molecules comprising a polynucleotide which encodes a polypeptide 98% identical to SEQ ID NO:2 or DNA molecules comprising polynucleotides that are either 90% or 95% identical to SEQ ID NO:1.

The specification does not contain any disclosure of the function of all DNA sequences that are either 90% or 95% identical to SEQ ID NO:1 or the function of polypeptide that is 98% identical to SEQ ID NO:2. The genus of DNAs that comprise these above DNA molecules is a large variable genus with the potentiality of encoding many different proteins. Therefore, many functionally unrelated DNAs are encompassed within the scope of these claims, including partial DNA sequences. The specification discloses only a single species of the claimed genus which is insufficient to put one of skill in the art in possession of the attributes and features of all species within the claimed genus. Therefore, one skilled in the art cannot reasonably conclude that the applicant had possession of the claimed invention at the time the instant application was filed.

Applicant is referred to the revised guidelines concerning compliance with the written description requirement of U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, published in the Official Gazette and also available at [www.uspto.gov](http://www.uspto.gov).

Art Unit: 1652

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102***

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 3-24 and 33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Langmann et al. (Swiss Prot Accession No. O95477, GenBank accession No. AJ012376 and BBRC, Apr 1999, Vol. 257(1):29-33) or rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Rosier-Montus et al. (US 20020146792A1, published on 10-10-02, with a priority date of 5-2-2000). Claims 3-24 and 33 are drawn to an isolated polynucleotide selected from the group consisting of a polynucleotide comprising SEQ ID NO:1, a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide comprising SEQ ID NO:2, a polynucleotide comprising nucleotides 291-7074 of SEQ ID NO:1 and a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide having 98% identity to SEQ ID NO:2, wherein the polynucleotide is complementary to the above polynucleotides, a



Art Unit: 1652

polynucleotide that is at least 90% or 95% identical to the above polynucleotides, a composition of the above polynucleotides with a suitable carrier, a vector comprising the above polynucleotide, a recombinant vector comprising the above polynucleotide linked to a heterologous promoter such as cytomegalovirus (CMV) promoter, a composition comprising the recombinant vector and a host cell comprising the above vectors and a method of making the polypeptide comprising transfecting a mammalian host cell with a recombinant vector followed by culturing and purifying the expressed polypeptide. Langmann et al. or Rosier-Montus et al. disclose a polynucleotide (deposited as Genbank deposit with accession No. AJ012376 by Langmann et al. and published as SEQ ID NO:10 by Rosier-Montus et al. ) that encodes a polypeptide which is more than 98% identical to SEQ ID NO:2 (see enclosed sequence alignments). The reference also discloses complementary sequences, and composition with suitable carrier, vectors comprising the above polynucleotide linked to heterologous promoter and composition comprising the same. While the reference does not explicitly disclose the polynucleotide linked to a CMV promoter in a specific vector such as pCEPh or a host cell comprising the same or a method of producing the polypeptide by transfecting a mammalian host cell, such steps would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art. This is because, as the polynucleotide has been isolated from a mammalian cell which harbors extensive post translational machinery, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to make recombinant protein for studying its properties in further detail, in a mammalian host cell using commercially available vectors comprising CMV promoters such as pCEPh, such that the protein will be exposed to same type of post translational machinery for post translational processing of the protein. Therefore, claims 3-24 and 33 would have been either anticipated or in the

Art Unit: 1652

alternative rendered *prima facie* obvious by either Rosier-Montus et al. or Langmann et al. to one of ordinary skill in the art.

***Conclusion***

None of the claims are allowable.

Examiner has withdrawn the indication of allowance of claims 5-7, 10, 13, 16, 20 and 23 in the previous Office action due to the lack of ample support for the polynucleotide sequences in the priority documents that resulted in change in the effective filing date.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Manjunath N. Rao, Ph.D. whose telephone number is 703-306-5681. The examiner can normally be reached on 7.30 a.m. to 4.00 p.m. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ponnathapura Achutamurthy can be reached on 703-308-3804. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-308-4242 for regular communications and 703-308-4242 for After Final communications. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-306-0196.



MANJUNATH RAO  
PATENT EXAMINER

Manjunath N. Rao  
April 1, 2003